Human Degradation and Spirituality for a New Humanity

Calendar of Lessons

For Liturgical Year 2016-2017, the lessons are subdivided into these four scopes and strands:

- Scope 1: Rootedness Strand 1: Jesus' Encounters with Human Degradation and its **Transformations**
 - Advent and Christmastide (27 November 2016 1 January 2017)
 - Epiphany (8 January 26 February 2017)
- Scope 2: Identity: On Being and Becoming Strand 2: Jesus' Choice of the Kind of Messiah
 - Lent (5 March 9 April 2017)
 - Eastertide (16 April 28 May 2017)
- Scope 3: Unity and Solidarity
 - Strand 3: The Church United to Respond to Human Degradation
 - Pentecost (4 June 20 August 2017)
- Scope 4: Fruitful Lifeworks
 - Strand 4: The Church Manifesting the Marks of a Christ-like Life
 - Kingdomtide (27 August 26 November 2017)

Quadrennial Theme: Spirituality for These Critical Times

Year 3 Theme: Human Degradation and Spirituality for a New Humanity 2016-2017

Scope 1: Rootedness

Strand 1: Jesus' Encounters with Human Degradation and its Transformations

Included Sundays for	Celebration	Lectionary Title	Scriptural References	General Concept
Advent and Christmastide	G	17170	77	
Season			4 /	
(6 lessons)		No.	4/,1	
(1)	First Sunday of	Liberating	1 Samuel 25:13-	There are
November 27,	Advent	Cultural	34 Matthew	cultural
2016		Breakthroughs	1:18-24	practices and
NI				beliefs that
	7		100	cause human suffering and
				degradation,
				thus, the
102			7111	church should
				make a cultural
				breakthrough
			O XO	in the transformation
				towards a new
				humanity.
(2)	Second Sunday	Seeds of New	Isaiah. 7:14	Like the
December 4,	of Advent/Family	Humanity	Luke <mark>1:26-</mark> 35	enslav <mark>ed</mark>
2016	Sunday			people in
				Egypt, the new
	\ \		// '()	huma <mark>nity</mark> emerges from
				among the
пп				victims who
				long for
				freedom and
(0)	TIVE			wholeness.
(3)	Third Sunday of	Challenging	1 Kings 12:1-16	The church
December 11, 2016	Advent/Human Rights Sunday	Oppressive State Powers	Luke 2:1-6	has the duty to expose and
2010	Rights Sunday	1 OWEIS		challenge state
				policies that
				violate human
		_		rights.
(4)	Fourth Sunday	Jesus as God's	Isaiah 49:1-3	In the midst of
December 18,	of Advent	Love Incarnate	John 3:11-17	a broken
2016				humanity, God came in Jesus
				came in Jesus

				to mend it and make it whole.
(5) December 25, 2016	First Sunday after Christmas	The Birth of Jesus	Psalm 91:11 Luke 2:7-18 John 1:14	We joyfully celebrate the birth of Jesus in a world that longs for fullness.
(6) January 1, 2017	First Sunday after Christmas	Defending Children, Symbols of a New Beginning	Isaiah 43:18-19 Matthew 2:1-16	Upholding the rights and welfare of children makes a just and compassionate society now and in the future.
Included Sundays for Epiphany Season (8 lessons)	Celebration	Lectionary Title	Scriptural References	General Concept
(7) January 8, 2017	Epiphany Sunday	Channels of God's Healing	2 Kings 7:1-16 John 9:1-41	We are all healers to one another.
(8) January 15, 2017	First Sunday after Epiphany/Christi an Unity	The Inclusive Healing Ministry of the Church	2 Kings 5:1-19 Mark 1:29-31	"The kingdom of God is presentwher e healing is given to the sick." (UCCP Statement of Faith)
(9) January 22, 2017	Second Sunday after Epiphany/Nation al Bible Sunday	Healing of Animosities	Isaiah 11:1-9 Galatians 3:28	Respecting and appreciating differences is a condition for creative unity and harmony.
(10) January 29, 2017	Third Sunday after Epiphany	Healing as a Message of Salvation	2 Kings 4:8-37 Luke 8:41-56	Salvation comes whenever healing happens.
(11) February 5, 2017	Fourth Sunday after Epiphany	Healing of Social Divides	Ruth 1:1-21 Luke 13:10-17	Social division is eradicated when human fellowship, care, respect,

				and dignity are restored.
(12) February 12, 2017	Fifth Sunday after Epiphany	Healing of Broken Relationships	Genesis 32:1- 32, 33:1-4 Matthew 5:24	Where there are broken relationships, it is the duty of
	C C	HRIS	Trelabo	the church to bring about reconciliation through forgiveness and repentance.
(13)	Sixth Sunday	Healing from	1 Samuel 16:14-	The Spirit of
February 19,	after Epiphany	Demon	23 Mark 5:1-20	God drives
2017		Possession		away the
71				demons of
	7		10	envy, fear, and
(C_5)				greed for the
				Spirit to dwell in.
(14)	Seventh Sunday	Healing towards	Exodus 34:29-35	The
February 26,	after	Transformation /	Mark 9:2-8	transfiguration
2017	Epiphany/Transfi			of Jesus is a
	guration Sunday			preview of his
				resurrection
				which is our
25				hope and
				destiny.

Scope 2: Identity: On Being and Becoming
Strand 2: Jesus' Choice of the Kind of Messiah

Included Sundays for Lent (6 lessons)	Celebration	Lectionary Title	Scriptural References	General Concept
(15) March 5, 2017	First Sunday in Lent	Choosing our Destiny	Jeremiah 1:4-10 Matthew 16:21- 23	Jesus chose to obey God's will and it became his destiny. When we make a choice to follow Jesus, it becomes our destiny.

(16) March 12, 2017	Second Sunday in Lent	Servant Messiah	Isaiah 53:4-6 Mark 10:42-45	As a servant messiah, Jesus served the suffering ones. As a result, he suffered with them. When we serve the suffering ones, we also suffer with them.
(17) March 19, 2017	Third Sunday in Lent	Loyalty to God	Ruth 1:16-17 Luke 7:1-10	The love for God is the basis of our unwavering loyalty to God.
(18) March 26, 2017	Fourth Sunday in Lent	Peace-building	Jeremiah 1:9-10 Matthew 10:34	Building peace, as a messianic mission, requires forcible removal of obstacles to peace— inequitable distribution of resources, abusive relationships, and injustice.
(19) April 2, 2017	Fifth Sunday in Lent	Marks of the True Messiah	Isaiah 42:1-7 Matthew 11:2-6	The true messiah is known through his healing, liberating, and restoring deeds.
(20) April 9, 2017	Sixth Sunday in Lent/Palm Sunday	Jesus Encountering the Powers	Zechariah 9:9-10 John 12:12-19	Jesus enters Jerusalem to challenge the powers-that-be that cause human misery.

Included Sundays for Eastertide (7 lessons)	Celebration	Lectionary Title	Scriptural References	General Concept
(21) April 16, 2017	Resurrection Sunday	Resurrection of the Righteous	Daniel 12:1-3 John 11:25-27 Romans 6:5	Those who remain faithful to the end will not perish but have eternal life.
(22) April 23, 2017	First Sunday after Resurrection	Suppressing the Truth of the Resurrection	Jeremiah 28:15- 17 Matthew 28:11-15	The response of the powers-that-be to the resurrection was to cover up the truth with a lie and criminalize those who believe.
(23) April 30, 2017	Second Sunday after Resurrection	Moment of Human Frailties	2 Samuel 21:10 Mark 16:1-8	After Jesus died, the disciples experienced a lacuna moment of mourning, confusion, fear, depression, and disbelief. This experience is not sin but needs to be accepted and brought to the Lord.
(24) May 7, 2017	Third Sunday after Resurrection	Appearance of Jesus to Mary Magdalene	2 Kings 7:7-20 Mark 16:9-11	The testimony of those who speak the truth are often discredited on account of their status in society.
(25) May 14, 2017	Fourth Sunday after Resurrection	Failure to Recognize the Appearance of Jesus	Genesis 18:1-15 Mark 16:12-13	Due to their extreme grief, the disciples were not able

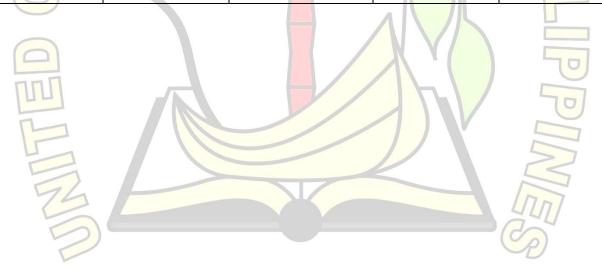
				to apprehend the risen Lord. But Jesus overcomes our failure to discern and communes with us.
(26) May 21, 2017	Fifth Sunday after Resurrection/UC CP Sunday	Celebrating the Resurrection	Exodus 16:1-26 Luke 24:36-46	Jesus comes to commune with us in ordinary, basic, and common activities and struggles.
(27) May 28, 2017	Sixth Sunday after Resurrection/ Ascencion Sunday	Anticipating the Fullness of God's Reign on Earth	Daniel 12:13 Mark 16:15-20	Jesus ascends to heaven to receive God's authority to realize God's reign in its fullness.

Scope 3: Unity and Solidarity
Strand 3: The Church United to Respond to Human Degradation

Included Sundays for Pentecost Season	Celebration	Lectionary Title	Scriptural References	General Concept
(12 lessons) (28) June 4, 2017	Pentecost Sunday	The Spirit Breaking through Cultural Captivity	Joel 2:28-29 Acts 2:1-12	The Spirit enables the Gospel to be communicated in the languages and cultures of the people.
(29) June 11, 2017	First Sunday after Pentecost/Trinity Sunday	The Holy Trinity in the Faith of the Church	Genesis 1:26-27 Jude vv. 19:21	God is a community of the Father, the Son, and the Holy Spirit. This is the source and basis of the

				church as community.
(30)	Second Sunday	The Holy Spirit	Jeremiah 7:1-11	The Holy Spirit
June 18, 2017	after Pentecost	Sustaining the	Matthew 23:13-	bids the church
00110 10, 2017	and remodest	Church	28	to unite with
		Ondron	20	the people to
				confront the
	4	1 1 D 1 0		oppressive
		21/2/12		powers.
(31)	Third Sunday	Defending the	Psalm 82:3-4;	The Holy Spirit
June 25, 2017	after Pentecost	Powerless	146:5-9	sustains the
			Proverbs 31:8-9	church in its
			James 1:27	ministry of
	(\bigcirc)		\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \	protecting the
			V	oppressed and
				the helpless
NI	7			and upholding
	7			their rights.
(32)	Fourth Sunday	Breaking Down	Isaiah 56:3-8	The church, by
July 2, 2017	after Pentecost	Walls that Divide	Amos 9:7	nature, is
			Luke 14:12-14	in <mark>clus</mark> ive. It
45				embraces
				differences
				and does not
				harbor
				animosities.
(33)	Fifth Sunday	Confronting	Deuteronomy	The church
July 9, 2017	after Pentecost	Human Greed	5:21	confronts the
			Acts 2:44-47;	issue of human
			4:33-35	greed which is
				the root of
			N Y N	many evils and
				broken
(24)	Civate Consider	Capting Out	De ales 400.0 5	relationships.
(34)	Sixth Sunday	Casting Out	Psalm 103:2-5	The church's
July 16, 2017	after Pentecost	Demonic Powers	Mark 1:23-27; 7:24-30	ministry of healing
			7.24-30	requires the
				driving out of
				demonic
74				powers that
				hold people in
				their sway.
(35)	Seventh Sunday	Being Present	Deuteronomy	The church
July 23, 2017	after Pentecost	•	31:8	embraces the
, ,			Psalm 40:1-3	ministry of
			Revelation 21:3-	presence to
			4	embody God
				who is
				Immanuel.
		1		

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(36)	Eighth Sunday	Nurturing Hope	Job 5:15-16	The church
July 30, 2017	after Pentecost		Psalm 34:17-20	journeys with
			Matthew 11:28-	people in the
			30	darkness of
				despair,
				reviving the
				hope and
	1	11 D) 1 6	\	keeping it
		1 1 1		alive.
(37)	Ninth Sunday	Reaching Out to	Isaiah 25:4	The church is
August 6, 2017	after Pentecost	Victims of Abuse	Matthew 18:21-	a community
,		and Social Evils	35	that provides
			4/1/2	comfort,
			\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \	assistance,
				shelter, and
				intervention to
NI				victims in their
	7		100	needs.
(38)	Tenth Sunday	Pursuing and	Psalm 34:11-14	The church
August 13,	after Pentecost	Building Peace	1Peter 3:8-12	plants peace in
2017		7 1 ()		a world rocked
145			-311 1	by conflict,
				violence, and
	/_			wars.
(39)	Eleventh Sunday	The Church	Isaiah 59:17	An awakened
August 20,	after Pentecost	Awakened to Do	Ephesians 6:14	church girds
2017		Mission		up and equips
15				itself for
(25)			//)N	mission.



Scope 4: Fruitful Lifeworks

Strand 4: The Church Manifesting the Marks of a Christ-like Life

Included Sundays for	Celebration	Lectionary Title	Scriptural References	General Concept
Kingdomtide			References	Оопсерс
Season (14 lessons)		TI BY		
(40) August 27, 2017	First Sunday in Kingdomtide/ Mission Sunday	Leaving Everything to Follow Christ	Isaiah 6:1-8 Luke 5:1-11	Obedience to Jesus means letting go of those cares that keep us from following
(41) September 3, 2017	Second Sunday in Kingdomtide/ CEN Sunday	Mission to the Periphery	1 Samuel 18:1-5 Philippians 2:5-8 2 Corinthians 8:9	him. Removing our self from the center of our life so that we can put others in its place.
(42) September 10, 2017	Third Sunday in Kingdomtide/Chil dren' Sunday	Humility-Powered Mission	Proverbs 15:33, 11:2 Luke 18:9-14	Behind genuine mission is a humble heart that seeks the well-being of others.
(43) September 17, 2017	Fourth Sunday in Kingdomtide/ Youth Sunday	Accountability in the Kingdom	2 Samuel 12:1- 13 Luke 15:11-24	Being created in the image of God, we are responsible and accountable to each other.
(44) September 24, 2017	Fifth Sunday in Kingdomtide/ Fellowship of the Least Coin Sunday		Genesis 45:1-5 Acts 7:59-60	Being forgiving is a quality of those who belong to the Kingdom of God.
(45) October 1, 2017	Sixth Sunday in Kingdomtide/ Worldwide Communion Sunday/CYAP Sunday	Towards a Reconciled Community	Genesis 45:9-15 Philemon1:10-20	True reconciliation moves relationships to a higher plane.
(46) October 8, 2017	Seventh Sunday in Kingdomtide/ Peace Sunday	Living the Faith	Esther 4:13-16 James 1:27	Forgiven and reconciled, we

				are freed to do
				good.
(47) October	Eighth Sunday in	Being Accepted in	Hosea 1: 1-3, 3:1	The Christian
15, 2017	Kingdomtide/	the Kingdom of	John 4:7-15	community is
	UCM Sunday	God		accepting of
				others
				unmindful of
		11 P) 11 G	1 ~	any
				advantage.
(48) October	Ninth Sunday in	Reverence for Life	Exodus 2:1-10	Life is
22, 2017	Kingdomtide/Soli		Luke 7:1-10	respected
	darit <mark>y wi</mark> th	6.6	(//.)	beyond social
	Indigenous		* (1V)	class, ethnicity,
	People Sunday			and religion.
(49) October	Tenth Sunday in	Discerning God's	Job 42:1-6	To know Jesus
29, 2017	Kingdomtide/	Ways through	John 14:5-11	is to know
4	Reformation	Jesus		God. The
	Sunday		10	gospel makes
				faith simple to
	-			everyone.
November 5,	Eleventh Sunday	Prayerful Life	Daniel 6:6-23	Communing
2017	in Kingdomtide/		Mark 14:32-38	with God
(50)	Church Workers			through
	Sunday			prayers
				encompasses
(F1) November	Two little Consider	Audacious	4 Vinga 17:0 4C	all of life.
(51) November	Twelfth Sunday		1 Kings 17:8-16 Luke10:25-37	Those who
12, 2017	in Kingdomtide/	Compassion	Luke 10.25-37	have less in
	Theological			life or regarded
	Education			low are the most
	Sunday			
			N Y	compassionate
(52) November	Thirteenth	Learning from the	Psalm 137:1-6	Being
19. 2017	Sunday in	Faith and Witness	1 Peter 1:1	steadfast in the
13, 2017	Kingdomtide/	of Migrants	James 1:1-4	faith makes us
	Migrant Workers	o. migranto	Gallioo I. I. T	complete and
	Sunday			whole.
	Canady			WIIOIO
(53) November	Fourteenth	Service Motivated	Judges 5:6-13	Stewardship is
26, 2017	Sunday in	by Love	Mark 2:1-12	manifested
	Kingdomtide/			through the
	Stewardship			collective
	Sunday			response of
				the faith
				community.
			l .	

Year 3 Theme: Human Degradation and Spirituality for a New Humanity CC 2016-2017

Scope 2: Identity: On Being and Becoming
Strand 1: Jesus' Choice of the Kind of Messiah

Season: *Eastertide*

Age Level: Nursery, Kindergarten, Younger Elementary

April 16, 2017

Resurrection Sunday: Resurrection of the Righteous

Old Testament: Daniel 12:1-3

1"At that time Michael, the great prince, the protector of your people, shall arise. There shall be a time of anguish, such as has never occurred since nations first came into existence. But at that time your people shall be delivered, everyone who is found written in the book. ²Many of those who sleep in the dust of the earth shall awake, some to everlasting life, and some to shame and everlasting contempt. ³Those who are wise shall shine like the brightness of the sky, and those who lead many to righteousness, like the stars forever and ever."

New Testament: John 11:25-27

²⁵Jesus said to her, "I am the resurrection and the life. Those who believe in me, even though they die, will live, ²⁶and everyone who lives and believes in me will never die. Do you believe this?" ²⁷She said to him, "Yes, Lord, I believe that you are the Messiah, the Son of God, the one coming into the world."

Romans 6:5

5 For if we have been united with him in a death like his, we will certainly be united with him in a resurrection like his.

General Concept: Those who remain faithful to the end will not perish but have eternal life. Key Concept:

N/K/YE: Let us rejoice because Christ rose from the dead.

Exegesis of the Biblical References

Daniel 12:1-3. During the time when the book of Daniel was written, the Jews were under persecution and oppression by a pagan king. This is one of the so called apocalyptic literature which often flourishes when there is crisis of any sort. The stories and the visions present in the book were utilized to embolden or encourage the people of that time, giving them hope that one day, God will rescue God's people from the fangs of their oppressors. The declaration of faith in this book is that God will rescue those who believe in God in spite of the various threats and dangers they may be facing. Even those who have perished and have greatly suffered in the hands of the persecutors will be restored and fully vindicated by God. They will receive the reward for faithful witnessing and steadfast service to their God even in the face of cruel and oppressive forces of persecution. Hope remains alive even for those who appear to have fallen in the midst of the most grievous and deadly circumstances.

John 11:25-27. The members of the Johannine community were not welcome where they were and were always under the suspicious eyes of the local synagogue authorities because of their belief in Jesus as Messiah and bringer of the Kingdom. The Roman authorities were also displaying the same attitude towards anyone who refused to worship the emperor. With their social condition, the writer of the book of John wrote this Gospel to inspire the Jewish Christians

to endure the challenges and be able to hold on to their faith in Jesus. The writer stresses that Jesus is the Word (1:1-18), the bringer of God's message and that to deny him is to deny God. As the believers were undergoing challenges, the writer utilized a significant point to encourage his audience: that there was this popular view that the dead would be raised bodily at the end time. The hope of the resurrection is actually born in the midst of a situation surrounded always by the ever-present prospect of death in the hands of persecutors. It is proclaimed as the response to a rising spirit of despair, hopelessness and fear of losing one's own earthly life. Jesus is affirming that with his own death and resurrection he has demonstrated the truth that to die for the sake of Jesus does not actually lead to death or the extinguishing of everything about the life of the martyred faithful. It is a step towards a far more profound experience of life that is able to conquer the fear and the despair of death. To die in the name of Jesus is to receive the real new life, eternal life in his name.

The text portrays that believing in Jesus is the only required means to achieve resurrection. This resurrection is both a present and a future reality. In 11:4, it is highlighted that the resurrection of Lazarus is intended to "bring glory to God...and the means by which the Son of God will receive glory." (v.4b). This event proves that God in Jesus is the God who gives life and not the God of death. This is also a means for his disciples (v.15) and the unbelievers to believe in Jesus (v.42). Those who have witnessed the resurrection of Lazarus believe in Jesus. However, the Pharisees who deny Jesus as the Messiah and bringer of life were united to make a plan to silence him. They orchestrated and planned for Jesus' death (vv. 47-57).

This event reflects two attitudes of people. Those who believe and have faith in Jesus as the way to resurrection would hold on to their faith despite the various threats of death they may be facing. However, those who deny and do not recognize God's presence in Jesus would surely find a way to destroy him. The resurrection of Lazarus manifests the unfathomable love of God. In contrast, the attitude of the indignant Pharisees reflects the need to have resurrection of the heart and mind. And this kind of resurrection can only be achieved by believing and having genuine faith in the Son of God.

Romans 6:5. For the Jewish people, baptism is the actual means by which non-Jews are converted to Judaism. This act concludes the eradication of the so-called "Gentile impurity". By this act, one turns his or her back to paganism and sin, and promises to fulfill God's commandments and become a new person in accordance to Jewish Law.

In the same way, anyone who becomes a follower of Jesus denies his or her old self, through sharing in Christ's death. Death in this context is not the literal losing of breath. It means putting aside whatever that is sinful. It calls for renewal and change of perspective and attitude towards oneself, to others, and to God.

Companion Guide for the Teachers and Other Users

Belief in Jesus' resurrection is the door that opens to the Christian faith. The Islamic faith regards Jesus as a prophet from God but denies his resurrection. People without faith put great value on Jesus' ethical teachings and his way of life but consider his resurrection irrelevant to what he has accomplished as a moral exemplar. Some Christians rightly put Jesus' resurrection as the anchor of their faith but conveniently neglect his prophetic and ethical teachings and example. This kind of being a Christian is not necessarily closer than non-Christians or to unbelievers to the truth that Jesus came for. According to the apostolic witness, Jesus' resurrection is but the first of the resurrection of the righteous.

Believing that God rescued Jesus from Hades, the fate of all morals, is the great entrance that ushers in believers to the Christian faith-community. But the benefits of the resurrection apply only to those whom God has declared justified (that is, forgiven sinners) through faith in Jesus Christ. The Protestant doctrine of "justification by grace through faith alone" (sola gratia, sola fide) has suffered disfigurement from the time Luther introduced it in the 16th century up to the present among some Protestant communities.

In its distorted form, this great Protestant principle has been used as an excuse for removing doing good works from the balance sheet of Christian existence. On the contrary, the Protestant Reformers rightly understood Paul's teachings on the resurrection that transforms believers from a wanton sensual (pagan) existence to a spirit-driven way of life (Romans 12; Galatians 5). The point is that leading a righteous life is not a ticket to gain resurrection but a distinguishing characteristic of one who has received it as a gift from God through faith in Jesus Christ. Resurrection is not merely the power to overcome death when the time comes. It is a present power of a new life to overcome the power of sinfulness by which righteous living in a sinful world becomes a real possibility. Unmerited righteousness (justification) by faith continues on to an actual righteous life to the very end of earthly life. Here lies the paradox of eternal salvation: only the righteous will be resurrected because having received the gift of the resurrection, they will have conquered sinfulness and therefore are enabled to live righteously.

I. Objectives:

At the end of the lesson, the learners are expected to:

- 1. Express one's joy at the resurrection of Jesus
- 2. Thank God for Jesus who saved us and helps us do good
- 3. Realize that God's love for us is the reason why Jesus saved us
- 4. Participate in the church's ministry of love for others in response to God's love for us
- II. Concept: Let us rejoice because Christ rose from the dead.

 Materials: The Holy Bible (NRSV), paper and crayons

III. Learning Experiences

- A. Opening Worship
 - 1. Welcome time. Joyfully greet each child as she/he arrives with "Happy Easter! Have a blessed Resurrection Sunday!"
 - 2. Sing these songs:
 - "Hallelu, Halleluiah"

Hallelu, hallelu, halleluiah! Praise ye the Lord (2x) Praise ye the Lord, halleluiah! (3x) Praise ye the Lord!

"Alive Forevermore"

Alive, alive, alive forevermore! My Jesus is alive, alive forevermore! Alive, alive forevermore! My Jesus is alive forevermore! Sing halleluiah, sing halleluiah! My Jesus is alive, alive forevermore! Sing halleluiah, sing halleluiah! My Jesus is alive!

3. Opening Prayer: Dear God, thank you for this Resurrection Sunday. Thank you for Jesus and the life he lived. Thank you that Jesus is alive and is always with us. Thank you for helping us to be like Jesus, loving others and being good. Most of all, thank you for your love. This we all pray in Jesus' name. Amen.

B. Getting Ready

Ask: Do you know what "resurrection" means? (Listen to the answers the children will give.)

Explain: Resurrection is when someone lives again after being dead. Jesus resurrected. He died, but now he is alive again. Today, we celebrate Jesus' Resurrection. That is why it is a very happy day.

Introduce the story: We will listen to a story from the Bible about someone who resurrected from the dead just like Jesus did.

C. Learning Time Tell the story:

Jesus is the Resurrection and the Life

There were three siblings: Martha, Mary and Lazarus. They were very good friends of Jesus. One day, Lazarus became very sick and died. Everyone was very sad. They were all crying. Many people came to their house. Soon Martha learned that Jesus was coming to their house too so she went to meet him.

She told Jesus, "Lord, if you were here, my brother would not have died. But I know that God will give you whatever you ask from God."

And Jesus told her, "Your brother will rise again."

Martha said, "I know that he will rise again during the resurrection day."

Then Jesus said, "I am the resurrection and the life. Those who believe in me, even though they die, will live."

Martha believed this. Mary also came to meet Jesus. She was crying. Jesus also cried. They all went to the place where Lazarus was buried. Jesus prayed to God and thanked God for hearing his prayer. He wanted all the people to believe that God sent him.

Then Jesus said in a loud voice, "Lazarus, come out!"

And Lazarus came out alive. Lazarus <mark>live</mark>d again because Jesus will live again. Everyone was happy. Jesus' Resurrection makes us happy.

D. Deepening Activity/ Sharing Time

Ask:

- 1. What are the names of Jesus' good friends in the story?
- 2. What happened to Lazarus?
- 3. When Martha met Jesus, what did Jesus say to her? (I am the resurrection and the life. Those who believe in me, even though they die, will live.)

E. Discovering the Biblical Truth

Explain:

- When Jesus said "Those who believe in me, even though they die, will live", it
 means that when we die, we will live again with Jesus in heaven. It is unlike in the
 story where Lazarus lived again on earth.
- Jesus saved Lazarus. Jesus saved all of us. We must always be thankful to God because God loves us very much.
- We must share God's love with others by doing good to others.

F. Applying the Biblical Truth

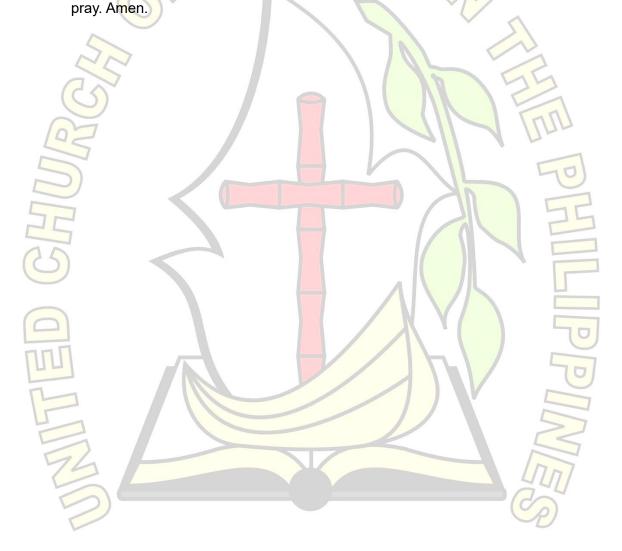
- 1. Have the children mention ways by which they can share God's love with others by doing good to others.
- 2. Mention programs of the church that are examples of sharing God's love with others.
- 3. Ask the children how they may participate in these programs.

4. Have them draw their answers.

G. Closing Worship

- 1. Sing the song "Alive Forevermore"
- 2. Read this verse from the Bible: "I am the resurrection and the life" (John 11:25b). Encourage the children to memorize it.
- 3. Collect the offering while singing an appropriate song. Let the children offer to God the drawings that they made. (Teacher must keep this drawing as these will be used in a future lesson on **Appearance of Jesus to Mary Magdalene**.)
- 4. Say the closing prayer:

 Dear God, thank you for all the lessons we have learned today. Thank you for your love for us. Help us share your love with others by being good to others. Thank you for Jesus because He has showed us how it is to love others. In Jesus' name we



April 23, 2017

First Sunday after Resurrection: Suppressing the Truth of the Resurrection

Old Testament: Jeremiah 28:15-17

¹⁵And the prophet Jeremiah said to the prophet Hananiah, "Listen, Hananiah, the Lord has not sent you, and you made this people trust in a lie. ¹⁶Therefore thus says the Lord: I am going to send you off the face of the earth. Within this year you will be dead, because you have spoken rebellion against the Lord."

17 In that same year, in the seventh month, the prophet Hananiah died.

New Testament: Matthew 28:11-15

11 While they were going, some of the guard went into the city and told the chief priests everything that had happened. ¹²After the priests had assembled with the elders, they devised a plan to give a large sum of money to the soldiers, ¹³telling them, "You must say, 'His disciples came by night and stole him away while we were asleep.' ¹⁴If this comes to the governor's ears, we will satisfy him and keep you out of trouble." ¹⁵So they took the money and did as they were directed. And this story is still told among the Jews to this day.

General Concept: The response of the powers-that-be to the resurrection was to cover up the truth with a lie and criminalize those who believe.

Key Concept:

N/K/YE: It is right to tell the truth of Jesus' resurrection.

Exegesis of the Biblical References

One of the challenges addressed by the prophet Jeremiah was the occurrence of false prophets. Jeremiah prophesied impending destruction unless people would repent. His message was greatly contradicted by the false prophets who proclaimed that everything would be alright. Jeremiah's criticism to the false prophets was mainly cited in 14: 13-16 and 23: 9-40. Prophets were called to deliver the message of God, whether that message is doom or destruction, salvation or calls for obedience. Unlike the popular but false prophets who only preach what is good to hear and reassuring for the people, God's true spokespersons may have to speak the unflattering, painful truth. This is one reason why God's prophets have been persecuted, arrested, tortured and sometimes even unto to death. Truth even if it is so disturbing and unflattering to the ears of the people will just have to be spoken by the true prophet and have to be listened to and obeyed by the people if they really want to live.

The soldiers guarding the tomb were the witnesses to the resurrection of Jesus. They knew what happened, but opted to keep silent. Roman guards could be executed if it is proven that they were sleeping on the job especially when they are guarding corpses of crucified victims. The chief priests had a way to hide the truth—they used their power and money to prevent the soldiers from telling the truth. The use of bribery was a tool of the rich and the powerful to silence a witness.

Truth will never come out as long as we remain silent when we are supposed to say the truth. The truth will remain buried when those witnesses refuse to tell the truth in exchange for money. This is when truth becomes sold and bought for the sake of hiding and preventing it from coming to the surface. The resurrection of Jesus is an affirmation that God's truth, no matter how we hide it, will surely come out. It comes out because it is more powerful than lies and deceit.

Not telling the truth as in the text in Jeremiah is tantamount to violating the call to

become a real prophet. To hide the truth in exchange for money is burying the truth. However, the truth of the resurrection event is so true and powerful, no power on earth can prevent it from coming out and no one can stop its empowering effect on people who believe it.

Companion Guide for the Teachers and Other Users

A wrong-doing or a crime is always followed with a cover-up or a contrived narrative intended to diminish or even turn truth into a lie. Truth may be suppressed but it does not die. One way or another it will find a place in the mind and hearts of people who will keep it and let it out. The Jewish and Roman authorities conspired to bury the truth about Jesus but this truth was kept alive by those who witnessed it, proclaimed it without fear and in due time converted the mighty Roman Empire. (Under the auspices of the Empire the truth of the gospel, however, suffered corruption but this is another chapter in the story of the Christian faith.)

The historical truthfulness of the resurrection narratives continues to be contentious in the field of academic and forensic science. But whatever their conclusion, they lack the expertise and tools to appreciate what the disciples had seen and experienced of the risen Jesus. Knowledge of Jesus' resurrection is a spiritual gift from God first received by the disciples and then passed on to us through the church from one generation to the next.

At each period in time, the church has the duty to renew the truth of Jesus' resurrection and revive the members' commitment to proclaim and live by it. Every truth, including universal truths, is time- and culture-bound in its actual and practical content. To remain alive and relevant, truth must be able to address the spiritual and practical issues of the time and provide answers to them. As spiritual truth, Jesus' resurrection is not to be rendered archaic with the passing of time but must constantly and purposively incorporate the spirit and temper of a given historical period in order to be eternally and universally true. This is an essential task of the church.

For the church, the proof is in the lives of the faithful as well as in the quality of its fellowship. Jesus' resurrection is true to the extent that believers manifest signs of the Jesus' resurrection in their lives. For whether Jesus rose from the grave or not is inconsequential if it leaves no impact on the believers' lives. The world will not believe in this truth not so much because the tale is unbelievable but more so because it makes no difference in the lives of those who profess it. Truth to say, in this pluralistic religious culture, there is no longer any effort from any quarters to suppress the truth of Jesus' resurrection largely because it is not worth the effort. It makes no difference in the world if it was true or not. In other words, if there is anyone who is succeeding in suppressing the truth he or she comes from within the church.

I. Objectives:

At the end of the lesson, the learners are expected to:

- 1. Share the news of the resurrection joyfully
- 2. Speak the truth at all times
- 3. Participate in proclaiming the resurrection of Jesus
- **II. Concept:** It is right to tell the truth of Jesus' resurrection.

Materials: The Holy Bible (NRSV), paper with the words "Jesus is Alive" are written in big bold letters (prepare one for each child), crayons

III. Learning Experiences

A. Opening Worship

- 1. Welcome time. Greet everyone as they arrive with "Jesus is alive, halleluiah!" Encourage each one to greet each other this way.
- 2. Sing "Ho-Ho-Ho-Hosanna"

Ho-ho-ho-hosanna, ha-ha-ha-halleluiah!

He, He, He saved me, I've got the joy of the Lord! (repeat song)

3. Opening prayer: Dear God, thank for this Sunday and this time to learn more about you and Jesus. Thank you for the truth about the Resurrection of Jesus. Help us to always tell about it in our words and actions. Guide us to always show Your love to others. In Jesus' name we pray. Amen.

B. Getting Ready

Ask: Do you believe that Jesus is alive? What must we do to tell others about this good news?

Let us listen to a story about how the friends of Jesus learned about this good news.

C. Learning Time

Tell the story:

The Resurrection Story Based on the Gospel of Matthew

In the very early morning of the first day of the week, Jesus' friends Mary Magdalene and the other Mary went to the place where Jesus was buried. Suddenly, there was an earthquake because an angel of the Lord had opened the big rock that sealed the burial place of Jesus. He told them that Jesus was no longer there because Jesus was alive. He asked them to go and find Jesus' other friends and to tell them the good news. So the two Marys ran off to find their other friends. Suddenly, they met Jesus himself. He greeted them and they worshipped him. He told them not to be afraid but to go and tell the other friends where they should meet.

The guards who were watching over Jesus' burial place went to tell the leaders everything that they saw. The leaders did not want the people to know that Jesus was alive so they paid the guards a lot of money and told them to stay quiet about Jesus being alive.

But the two Marys found their other friends and told them about the good news that Jesus was alive. Very soon, all of them met Jesus and Jesus told them to tell all the world to follow Jesus and to obey his teachings. Jesus said that He will be with us always.

D. Deepening Activity/ Sharing Time

Discuss:

- 1. What did the two Marys do after they spoke to the angel and to Jesus?
- 2. Do you think what the two Marys did was right?
- 3. What about the guards and the leaders? Did they do what was right?

E. Discovering the Biblical Truth

Say: We must always tell the truth especially the truth about Jesus' Resurrection. We must show with our words and action that we believe that Jesus is alive by doing the good work Jesus did.

F. Applying the Biblical Truth Ask:

- 1. Has anyone experienced lying and not telling the truth? What was it that you said?
- 2. What happened after you told a lie? How did you feel?
- 3. Why is it important to tell the truth at all times?
- 4. How can we tell others in words and action about the truth of the Resurrection of Jesus?

Have the children draw on the paper that has the words "Jesus is Alive".

G. Closing Worship

1. Sing "Alive Forevermore"

Alive, alive, alive forevermore! My Jesus is alive, alive forevermore! Alive, alive, alive forevermore! My Jesus is alive forevermore! Sing Halleluiah, sing halleluiah! My Jesus is alive, alive forevermore! Sing Halleluiah, sing halleluiah! My Jesus is alive!

- 2. Read this verse from the Bible: "He has been raised" (Matthew 28: 6b). Encourage the children to memorize it.
- 3. Collect the offering while singing an appropriate song.
- 4. Say the closing prayer: Dear God, thank you for the lessons we have learned today. Help us to tell the truth always, especially about the good news that Jesus is alive. May Jesus be seen in us always. In His name we pray. Amen.



April 30, 2017

Second Sunday after Resurrection: **Moment of Human Frailties**

Old Testament: 2 Samuel 21:10

10 Then Rizpah the daughter of Aiah took sackcloth, and spread it on a rock for herself, from the beginning of harvest until rain fell on them from the heavens; she did not allow the birds of the air to come on the bodies by day, or the wild animals by night.

New Testament: Mark 16:1-8

16When the Sabbath was over, Mary Magdalene, and Mary the mother of James, and Salome bought spices, so that they might go and anoint him. ²And very early on the first day of the week, when the sun had risen, they went to the tomb. ³They had been saying to one another, "Who will roll away the stone for us from the entrance to the tomb?" ⁴When they looked up, they saw that the stone, which was very large, had already been rolled back. ⁵As they entered the tomb, they saw a young man, dressed in a white robe, sitting on the right side; and they were alarmed. ⁶But he said to them, "Do not be alarmed; you are looking for Jesus of Nazareth, who was crucified. He has been raised; he is not here. Look, there is the place they laid him. ⁷But go, tell his disciples and Peter that he is going ahead of you to Galilee; there you will see him, just as he told you." ⁸So they went out and fled from the tomb, for terror and amazement had seized them; and they said nothing to anyone, for they were afraid.

General Concept: After Jesus died, the disciples experienced a lacuna of faith—a moment of mourning, confusion, fear, depression, and disbelief. This experience is not sin but needs to be accepted and brought to the Lord.

Key Concept:

N/K/YE: Our sorrow will turn into joy when we offer it to God in prayer.

Exegesis of the Biblical References

Il Samuel 21: 10. There was a three-year famine during the time of David, and he asked God for the cause. He was told that the current famine was due to Saul's effort to wipe out the Gibeonites, as opposed to the agreement Joshua made with them (Joshua 9). Wanting to reverse the curse brought by the very gruesome act of Saul towards the Gibeonites, David asked them how he could restore the broken relationship between them. The surviving Gibeonites asked for seven male descendants of Saul to be hanged to death. They were hung in Gibeah, the very hometown of King Saul.

David chose seven males and two of them were the sons of Rizpah. She was a concubine of Saul, but had no power or authority to save her sons from hanging. As it is shown in the text, concubines possessed no authority to defend and refuse the demand of the king. This story presents two significant realities: first, that there were those in authority who use their authority and power to decide over the lives of others, and second, there are ordinary and innocent ones who always suffer for the wrongdoing committed by those in authority. It shows that life is wasted for the atrocities committed by those in power.

Rizpah had nothing more in her life. She was left alone. At that time, sons were important in every family especially for a widowed mother. How could Rizpah survive the challenges of the times when nothing is left for her? She grieved for the death of her sons who were innocent and were sacrificed to sew the broken relationship between David's kingdom and the Gibeonites. But widows like Rizpah had to depend on their sons for support. Rizpah's life had ended with the death of her sons, yet as a loving mother, she tried to protect the corpses of

her sons from wild animals. David sacrificed seven lives to patch up the broken relationship between his kingdom and the Gibeonites. Rizpah did what was best for her sons. She lovingly protected them from wild animals. Human frailties reinforced even by cultural demands in many ways produce situations that further victimize the already marginalized ones in society. Yet even in the midst of such frailties, what emerges still is the irrepressible power of a mother's love for her victimized child. This is the power that provides hope even in the face of the gloomiest and most inhuman of developments in any society.

Mark 16: 1-8. The book of Mark was addressed to Roman Christians, during the time of great persecution in Rome, about 64 CE. With this reality, the writer wrote the book to enhance the believers' faith in Jesus, and to remind them that suffering is an inevitable part of becoming a faithful servant of Jesus. Highlighted in the book is the fact that God listens to their prayers and God works through their witness and faith.

The dead was usually anointed with oil then rinsed with water before burial. Jesus died on Friday before the Sabbath began, thus the anointing had been postponed. In v. 7, the women were instructed or given the command to "go give the message to his disciples..." Yet in v. 8 the women were "distressed and terrified. They said nothing to anyone, because they were afraid." This is understood considering the kind of social condition believers were facing then. The women were afraid since Jesus their master was arrested and crucified by the Romans. Now, their immediate concern was to protect themselves from getting arrested as a possible consequence of their faith in Jesus. The women were ordered by the angel to meet his disciples in Galilee. Why Galilee? It was in Galilee where the disciples committed themselves to follow Jesus (Mark 1: 16-20). After the resurrection of Jesus, he wanted to meet his disciples again in Galilee for it was a place of solitude, a venue where the disciples can renew their commitment to follow the risen Lord.

The original ending of Mark may not be a good and invigorating one, but it was part of the writer's artistic presentation of unfolding the unique feature of the Gospel, to allow his readers to place themselves in the event. The women were afraid to speak because of the ongoing persecution of believers. The writer presents a realistic feeling of frightened believers. The sudden ending calls us to understand the intensity of the demand to become a true follower of Jesus. Thus, we are also encouraged to go back to our own Galilee in times when everything seems vague and our faith is clouded with uncertainties of life. The text is calling us to participate in witnessing to the risen Lord in spite of our fears and anxieties. This text is calling believers to go proclaim the message that Jesus Christ is risen. The Lord of life, has risen and in the midst of persecution he is there inviting us to go with him to anywhere, proclaiming the Good News.

Companion Guide for the Teachers and Other Users

Following Jesus' execution, the disciples fell into the abyss of despair. They entered Jerusalem buoyed by the belief that their nation was at the cusp of liberation and vindication from the hated Roman and Jewish authorities. The nation was going to have a king in the mold of King David. Then they saw their presumptive king hanging nailed on the cross. Everything went crashing down.

Nothing less—mentally, emotionally and spiritually moving—could lift them out of the abyss. They lost a loved one. The quest for freedom of many generations came to a sudden end. Their faith in Jesus, their messiah, was tested to the very limit. At this point, their faith failed them.

What happens to people when faith finally fails? This state of mind is almost impossible to happen to Filipinos who are religious in one degree or another. When nothing seems to work, at the very end there is God to turn to. But when this last resort disappears beyond our reach, what is left of us? This is what may be called a spiritual or existential lacuna—the utter absence of continuity in our existence where there is only nothingness in front of us and everything is gone behind us. That is the believer's state of being when faith fails. In that state, people may transfer their trust to another source of faith for the simple reason that no one can exist for long without some sort of faith. Former believers in God may simply reject God to become atheists who now put their trust in some universal principles and laws that govern nature's ways or the moral course of history. Atheism is actually a form of faith rather than a result of rational thinking in that there is no evidence to show that these principles and laws lie underneath nature's course or that of history. By and large, nature's and even more of history's behavior remain opaque to human scrutiny. And yet what is known of nature and history has served as a sort of guiding faith to many a human quest.

In the first century, atheism was not an option available to the disciples. A more practicable option would have been either to return to traditional Judaism or to any of the various Greek religions. But Jesus had shown to them that Judaism fell short in satisfying their spiritual quests. It appears that no other faith could replace the faith that Jesus taught and showed them. Unable to go elsewhere, the disciples underwent a severe existential and spiritual crisis.

The disciples' experience of absence of faith was also the moment of faith's rebirth. God did not consider their spiritual despair as an unforgivable offense but an opportunity for spiritual deliverance. God validated and vindicated their loyalty by resurrecting Jesus and enabling them to see the risen Jesus in his glorified state. The Risen Lord returned to meet with them, embraced their imperfect faith and commissioned them to spread the new faith despite its imperfection.

The church's faith and of the individual faithful cannot help but be tainted by the world's sinfulness. It will achieve perfection only when the faithful would be united with Jesus in his full glory. In the meantime, faith's journey will not be following a straight and smooth path. But it will grow with every crisis that it faces because Jesus has promised, "Behold, I will be with you until the end of time."

I. Objectives:

At the end of the lesson, the learners are expected to:

- 1. Profess one's faith in Jesus Christ
- 2. Share personal experiences when they feel the presence of God
- 3. Demonstrate love and concern for others when they are in sorrow
- II. Concept: Our sorrow will turn into joy when we offer it to God in prayer.

 Materials: The Holy Bible (NRSV)

III. Learning Experiences

- A. Opening Worship
 - 1. Welcome time. Greet each learner with compassion as they arrive. Ask how each one is.
 - 2. Sing "Ang Umaga Ngayon"

 Ang umaga ngayon, kay ganda, kay ganda (2x)
 Tayo ay magsaya, magbigay ng ligaya

Ang umaga ngayon, kay ganda, kay ganda!

3. Opening prayer: Dear God, thank you for this beautiful morning that you have given us. Thank you for our teachers and friends, our family and all our loved ones. Most of all, thank you for Jesus and thank you for your love. Amen.

B. Getting Ready

Ask: Do you remember what our story was all about last week? (Encourage the children to answer.)

Say: Today, we will tell the same story, but I want you to help me tell it.

C. Learning Time

Retell the story in an interactive manner with the children:

The Resurrection Story Based on the Gospel of Mark

Do you remember around what time did Jesus' friends go to the place where Jesus was buried? They went in the very early morning.

Who were the friends who went? The friends who went were Mary Magdalene and the other Mary.

There is another friend who went with them and her name is Salome.

Was the big rock that sealed the burial place of Jesus already open? Yes. Did they find Jesus in the burial place? No.

What were they told? They were told that Jesus was no longer there because Jesus was alive and that they must go and find Jesus' other friends to tell them the good news.

D. Deepening Activity/ Sharing Time

Discuss:

- 1. What do you think the friends felt when they saw that Jesus was no longer in the burial place?
- 2. When we hear of bad news, what do we feel?
- 3. When we hear of good news, what do we feel?
- 4. When we are sad, what makes us happy?
- 5. When we are happy, what do we do?

E. Discovering the Biblical Truth

At first the friends felt fear and sorrow or sadness because they saw that Jesus was no longer in the burial place, but later on, when they learned that Jesus had resurrected, they felt great joy and were hopeful. They felt that Jesus was with them. They knew that Jesus was with them because they saw and felt the presence of Jesus in each other's company. They felt great love for each other and were comforted with each other's presence. They also prayed for each other. Because they were so happy, they had to share the good news with others.

F. Applying the Biblical Truth

Ask: When do you feel that God is with you?

Have the children share experiences when they feel God is with them.

Ask: When your friend or loved one is sad, what do you do?

Encourage the children to pray for each other and to show love and concern for others, especially those who are sad.

G. Closing Worship

- 1. Closing song: "Friends, Friends, Friends"
- 2. Read this verse from the Bible: "He has been raised" (Mark 16: 6b). Encourage the children to memorize it.
- 3. Collect the offering while singing an appropriate song.
- 4. Closing prayer: Dear God, thank you for giving us Jesus Christ. We believe that He is alive. We believe that He lives in us. Please help us so that others will always see Jesus in us especially as we share your love with others. This we pray in Jesus'



May 7, 2017

Third Sunday after Resurrection: Appearance of Jesus to Mary Magdalene

Old Testament: 2 Kings 7:7-20

⁷So they fled away in the twilight and abandoned their tents, their horses, and their donkeys, leaving the camp just as it was, and fled for their lives. ⁸When these leprous men had come to the edge of the camp, they went into a tent, ate and drank, carried off silver, gold, and clothing, and went and hid them. Then they came back, entered another tent, carried off things from it, and went and hid them.

9 Then they said to one another, "What we are doing is wrong. This is a day of good news; if we are silent and wait until the morning light, we will be found guilty; therefore let us go and tell the king's household." ¹⁰So they came and called to the gatekeepers of the city, and told them, "We went to the Aramean camp, but there was no one to be seen or heard there, nothing but the horses tied, the donkeys tied, and the tents as they were." ¹¹Then the gatekeepers called out and proclaimed it to the king's household. ¹²The king got up in the night, and said to his servants, "I will tell you what the Arameans have prepared against us. They know that we are starving; so they have left the camp to hide themselves in the open country, thinking, 'When they come out of the city, we shall take them alive and get into the city." ¹³One of his servants said, "Let some men take five of the remaining horses, since those left here will suffer the fate of the whole multitude of Israel that have perished already; let us send and find out." ¹⁴So they took two mounted men, and the king sent them after the Aramean army, saying, "Go and find out." ¹⁵So they went after them as far as the Jordan; the whole way was littered with garments and equipment that the Arameans had thrown away in their haste. So the messengers returned, and told the king.

16 Then the people went out, and plundered the camp of the Arameans. So a measure of choice meal was sold for a shekel, and two measures of barley for a shekel, according to the word of the LORD. ¹⁷Now the king had appointed the captain on whose hand he leaned to have charge of the gate; the people trampled him to death in the gate, just as the man of God had said when the king came down to him. ¹⁸For when the man of God had said to the king, "Two measures of barley shall be sold for a shekel, and a measure of choice meal for a shekel, about this time tomorrow in the gate of Samaria", ¹⁹the captain had answered the man of God, "Even if the LORD were to make windows in the sky, could such a thing happen?" And he had answered, "You shall see it with your own eyes, but you shall not eat from it." ²⁰It did indeed happen to him; the people trampled him to death in the gate.

New Testament: Mark 16:9-11

THE SHORTER ENDING OF MARK. And all that had been commanded them they told briefly to those around Peter. And afterwards Jesus himself sent out through them, from east to west, the sacred and imperishable proclamation of eternal salvation.

THE LONGER ENDING OF MARK. 9 Now after he rose early on the first day of the week, he appeared first to Mary Magdalene, from whom he had cast out seven demons. ¹⁰She went out and told those who had been with him, while they were mourning and weeping. ¹¹But when they heard that he was alive and had been seen by her, they would not believe it.

General Concept: The testimony of those who speak the truth are often discredited on account of their status in society.

Key Concept:

N/K/YE: Even young children can tell the truth of Jesus' resurrection.

Exegesis of the Biblical References

2 Kings 7:7-20. The four lepers in the text did not keep to themselves the goods that they had ransacked from the Syrian army, but instead they went to the king's officer and told him everything. The officer did not believe what the men were telling him, yet the king ordered the officer to send some of his men to check the camp of the Syrians.

The report turned out to be true, and they were able to get what was left by the Syrians. As a consequence to the officer's unbelief and as prophesied by the prophet, the king's officer died. The officer's unbelief led to his own death, but the witness of the four lepers had saved Israel from famine. These men who suffered from a dreaded skin disease were put outside the city as they were considered outcasts because of their physical condition. Yet they became God's instrument in saving Israel from dying of famine.

Mark 16:9-11. This is the longer ending of the Gospel according to Mark. The risen Lord has instructed Mary Magdalene to go and give the message to his disciples. The disciples however did not believe the statement of the woman. If we look back at the social climate at that time, women's statements were considered "unreliable" as highlighted by the Jewish historian Josephus. Women's status in society was low. Not much attention were paid to the words of a woman. Thus, Mary Magdalene's claim of having seen the risen Lord could have been considered mere idle talk. But the text shows that Jesus recognized and used those most unlikely people to proclaim the good news. While culture might disregard women's witness, Jesus uplifted their spirit by choosing them to participate in spreading the Good News. Jesus is always beyond any expectation. He is God's revelation of the new perspective and new reality that is being inaugurated with his coming. God now no longer works out the divine plan through the powerful, but chooses the unknown powerless and marginalized to be God's vital instruments in giving birth to the new reality and new world that is now beginning to unfold.

Companion Guide for the Teachers and Other Users

The way of the world is not the way of the Lord. As Paul declared in his First Letter to the Corinthians, the gospel is regarded foolishness by the learned. It is not spoken with wisdom but rather with the simplicity of this truth: Christ was crucified. The women's news of Jesus' resurrection was first received by the elite disciples as women's tale simply because it was said by "inferior" disciples. In the Gospels, those who recognized Jesus to be a teacher and prophet came from marginalized and despised elements of society. This prejudice has cut deep into the Jewish subconscious not sparing Jesus' disciples, perhaps including Jesus himself (his attitude towards the Syro-Phoenician woman). That is how the disciples received Mary Magdalene's first hand personal testimony.

The world today has not changed much particularly as regards women and the poor. In any social context, including in the church, the poor and the women (with some notable exceptions) are by and large silent. It has been observed that to a certain extent, some individual younger women avoid being assertive in airing their opinion for fear of losing their attractiveness to men. On the other hand, men of influence employ their economic and social capital to impose their views regardless of merit. As a result everybody ends up the loser. Truth often comes from the mouth of the innocent and the little ones. Psychologically, this may be due to the fact that people of status and means have a lot to protect, which determines their idea of truth. But there is a deeper, spiritual reason for it. In the Sermon on the Mount (Matthew 5), Jesus said, "Blessed are the poor in spirit for theirs is the kingdom of God." Spiritual poverty may be understood as the opposite of pride and arrogance behind one's views of things. For example, pride based on intellectual supremacy may in fact prevent a person from recognizing

the simplest truths about life. They speak as though they know all things when in fact they are deceiving themselves. The most basic things that define decent human existence may escape the perception of people who are literally surrounded with material possessions.

For example, the poor farmers asking the government for food aid during the El Nino months should have persuaded local governments to undertake a nationwide emergency food aid program involving pertinent government agencies with adequate budgetary support. Instead, government officials saw the request for food aid in terms of the usual government policies and procedures obtaining during normal times. Thanks to its educated economists and experienced bureaucrats, government operation starts at policies and procedures down to the needs, rather than starting from the people's actual needs and using policies and regulations to expedite actual delivery. Government's basic problem is that it listens first to experts with a long list of academic credentials who will then craft programs and policies for the people because the people down below presumably do not know what is good for them and for the nation. It is a social blindness that the gospel has a cure for.

I. Objectives:

At the end of the lesson, the learners are expected to:

- 1. Tell the truth of the resurrection by living a life acceptable to God
- 2. Realize that God does not consider age when sharing the truth of Jesus' resurrection
- 3. Prepare simple ways of sharing to others about Jesus Christ's act of salvation for God's people
- II. Concept: Even young children can tell the truth of Jesus' resurrection.

 Materials: The Holy Bible (NRSV), the children's drawings from the past lesson on Resurrection of the Righteous.

III. Learning Experiences

- A. Opening Worship
 - 1. Welcome time. Greet each one with "A blessed Sunday to you!"
 - 2. Sing "Magmahalan Tayo"

Magmahalan tayo, magmahalan, lalala lala lalala lala! (2x) Napakagandang pagmasdan kung tayo'y nagmamahalan! (2x)

- 3. Opening Prayer: Thank you for this blessed Sunday, dear Lord. Thank you for teaching us how to love each other. May we always do good as your children. Teach us to share about Jesus through our words and actions, especially about his resurrection. In Jesus' name, Amen.
- B. Getting Ready

Ask: Do you remember what our story has been for the past two weeks? (Listen to the children's answers.)

Say: Today, we will continue with that same story.

C. Learning Time

Continue telling the story from the previous weeks:

Jesus Appears to Mary Magdalene (Continuation of the Resurrection Story Based on the Gospel of Mark)

Remember that they were told that Jesus was no longer in the burial place because Jesus was alive and that the women must go and find Jesus' other friends to tell them

the good news?

Jesus then first appeared to Mary Magdalene. So Mary Magdalene went and told Jesus' friends. They were crying and were very sad because they thought Jesus was still dead. But when they heard that he was alive and that Mary Magdalene had seen her, they could not believe it.

The important thing is that Mary Magdalene told them the truth.

D. Deepening Activity/ Sharing Time

Ask: Has there been a time when you told the truth and others did not believe you? How did it feel? (Allow the children to share their experiences.)

E. Discovering the Biblical Truth

We must always tell the truth. Everyone must be able to tell the truth about Jesus' Resurrection in whatever way they can. For young children, the best way is to try to be always kind and good to others. This is the most effective way to share God's love.

F. Applying the Biblical Truth

- 1. Bring out the drawings the children made depicting how they may participate in programs that help share God's love.
- 2. Have the children share about their drawings.
- 3. Encourage them to roleplay the examples of how they may share God's love.

G. Closing Worship

- 1. Sing "Magmahalan Tayo"
- 2. Collect the offering while singing the closing song.
- Have the children present their roleplay as a prayer offering to God.



"Human Degradation and Spirituality for a New Humanity"

May 14, 2017

Fourth Sunday after Resurrection: Failure to Believe in the Appearance of Jesus

Old Testament: Genesis 18:1-15

A Son Promised to Abraham and Sarah

¹The Lord appeared to Abraham by the oaks of Mamre, as he sat at the entrance of his tent in the heat of the day. ²He looked up and saw three men standing near him. When he saw them, he ran from the tent entrance to meet them, and bowed down to the ground. ³He said, "My lord, if I find favor with you, do not pass by your servant. ⁴Let a little water be brought, and wash your feet, and rest yourselves under the tree. ⁵Let me bring a little bread, that you may refresh yourselves, and after that you may pass on—since you have come to your servant." So they said, "Do as you have said." ⁶And Abraham hastened into the tent to Sarah, and said, "Make ready quickly three measures of choice flour, knead it, and make cakes." ⁶Abraham ran to the herd, and took a calf, tender and good, and gave it to the servant, who hastened to prepare it. ³Then he took curds and milk and the calf that he had prepared, and set it before them; and he stood by them under the tree while they ate.

⁹They said to him, "Where is your wife Sarah?" And he said, "There, in the tent." ¹⁰Then one said, "I will surely return to you in due season, and your wife Sarah shall have a son." And Sarah was listening at the tent entrance behind him. ¹¹Now Abraham and Sarah were old, advanced in age; it had ceased to be with Sarah after the manner of women. ¹²So Sarah laughed to herself, saying, "After I have grown old, and my husband is old, shall I have pleasure?" ¹³The Lord said to Abraham, "Why did Sarah laugh, and say, 'Shall I indeed bear a child, now that I am old?' ¹⁴Is anything too wonderful for the Lord? At the set time I will return to you, in due season, and Sarah shall have a son." ¹⁵But Sarah denied, saying, "I did not laugh"; for she was afraid. He said, "Oh yes, you did laugh."

New Testament: Mark 16:12-13
Jesus Appears to Two Disciples

¹²After this he appeared in another form to two of them, as they were walking into the country.

¹³And they went back and told the rest, but they did not believe them.

General Concept: Due to their extreme grief, the disciples found it difficult to believe testimonies of the risen Lord.

Key Concept:

N/K/YE: We can come to God and feel God's presence. Through Jesus' resurrection, our life becomes new.

Exegesis of the Biblical References

Genesis 18:1-15. These verses center on narrating the lives of prominent men: Abraham, his grandson Jacob, and great-grandson Joseph. The story revolves around God's divine promise to Abraham. God's promise to Abraham contains several elements. First is the establishment of a nation that will manage the land of Palestine (or Canaan, as it was named in the Biblical text). Second is the rising of a future king coming from the lineage of the patriarchs who will become an instrument to bring God's blessing to all the earth, reverting the effect of rebellion of Adam and Eve against God. The covenant made by God with Abraham in 17:19, affirms that God initiates the act and would surely fulfill God's promise.

In Hebrew culture, women were expected to bear sons, as if it was the reason for their existence. Judges 5:30 considered a woman as "racham" meaning "womb." Thus every woman

during the Old Testament time wanted to bear sons not as pride but as a source of security when the husband dies. Failure to bear children was considered punishment. That was even a ground for the husband to divorce his wife. The text is a fulfillment of God's promise to Abraham in 17:19, at the same time a concrete manifestation of God's mighty power to use the unlikely old Sarah to fulfill God's promise. This old woman Sarah became part of fulfilling God's covenant to Abraham.

Mark 16:12-13. Two witnesses were needed to validate a statement or claim, however, still the disciples were adamant to believe the witness of the two followers. Their unbelief is caused by their inability to grasp Jesus' description of himself being the Son of Man, who will suffer, be killed and will rise to life on the third day (Mark 8: 31, 9:31, 10:33). Suffering, death and rising back to life are the real marks of Jesus as the true Messiah. He suffered and died on the hands of those who refuse to recognize Jesus as the Messiah and the Son of God (Mark 14:1, 53-55; 15:1-3). His rising to life overcomes any power that deprives the flourishing of life. He is the God of life, and death has no power over the love of God. The disciples are called to proclaim that message.

Companion Guide for the Teachers and Other Users

Grieving over the death of their beloved teacher and friend, the disciples spent the days following his death remembering him and recalling his words and deeds. They remained bound to the Jesus that they once knew. But by his resurrection, Jesus had transcended his earthly being and assumed a new identity, the new life of the resurrection. It is in this new form that Jesus appeared to his disciples. That encounter emancipated them from the bondage of grief to a new freedom to follow him with eagerness and joy.

The disciples testified that Jesus lives on at a new plane of reality. They also said that believers and followers are able to commune with him from where we are at a different plane of reality. But is there a bridge that can connect us to Jesus of the new reality? It is certainly within our means to get connected to Jesus' historical identity as recorded in the Gospels. Perhaps, we can also relate to Paul's Damascus experience. But short of that, how is it possible for us to see Jesus?

Because we exist on two different planes of reality, there needs to have a means or agent of mediation to close what appears to be an infinite gap. Here comes the church. For Catholics, the church is the primary sacrament of the Lord, meaning to say, the church is his visible and concrete presence in the world, thus the Catholic dogma of the church as the mystical body of Jesus whose real presence is conveyed through the sacraments and the office of the clergy. For Orthodox Christians, the icons and rituals serve as an earthly window that gives worshippers but a murky glimpse of God's eternal plane. Protestant Christians consider the proclamation of the word from Scriptures by the preacher as a moment of encounter (also the word as acted out in the sacraments) when Jesus makes his presence humanly available to believers.

This means that Christ founded the church—the gathering of believers in worship to hear the word proclaimed (Protestant)—as his agent/means of mediating his spiritual presence in their midst. For Catholics, it is a physical communion with Christ through the sacraments; for Protestant it's a spiritual communion that involves the intellect, emotion, imagination and other human mental faculties.

It will not be the same as the original experience of the disciples but it conveys sufficient grace for a faithful and loyal obedience to Jesus.

I. Objectives:

At the end of the lesson, the learners are expected to:

- 1. Realize that even children can come to God and feel God's presence
- 2. Accept the fact that children are used by God to fill the gap of unbelief by telling others about the truth of Jesus' resurrection
- 3. List some ways by which they can help in the ministry of the church in proclaiming Jesus' resurrection to those who do not believe
- II. Concept: We can come to God and feel God's presence. Through Jesus' resurrection, our life becomes new.

Materials: The Holy Bible (NRSV)

III. Learning Experiences

- A. Opening Worship
 - 1. Welcome time. Greet each other a "Happy Sunday!"
 - 2. Opening prayer: Loving God, thank you for this beautiful Sunday morning. Thank you that we can come to You at any time and feel Your presence. Help us to tell others about the truth of Jesus' Resurrection. Always be with us the church as we continue to do your ministry. In Jesus' name we pray. Amen.
 - 3. Sing "We are the Church"

The church is not a building, the church is not a steeple
The church is not a resting place, the church is people
I am the church, you are the church, we are the church together
All who follow Jesus all around the world
Yes, we're the church together!

B. Getting Ready

Ask: What story have we been telling for the past three weeks? To whom did Jesus appear in our story last week?

C. Learning Time

Continue telling more stories about Jesus' Resurrection.

Jesus Appears to Two of His Disciples
(Continuation of the Resurrection Story Based on the Gospel of Mark)

After Jesus appeared to Mary Magdalene, Jesus again appeared to two of his other disciples. A disciple is one who is a follower of a teacher. The two disciples were walking when they met Jesus. Jesus had took on another form.

The two disciples went back to tell their other disciples, but the other disciples did not believe them. The important thing is that they told the truth.

D. Deepening Activity/ Sharing Time

Discuss:

- 1. Mary Magdalene told the good news about Jesus' Resurrection. The two disciples told the good news of Jesus' Resurrection.
- 2. Do you think you can tell the good news' of Jesus' Resurrection?

E. Discovering the Biblical Truth

We must always try to share the good news about Jesus' Resurrection to everyone. It does not matter if other people may not believe. The important thing is that we must tell the truth.

F. Applying the Biblical Truth

- 1. As a class, list ways by which each one can help in the church's ministry of proclaiming Jesus' Resurrection.
- 2. Each child may choose a task to do and commit to it.
- 3. Individually, have them write a prayer thanking God for always being present in their lives and asking for help at the task each one has chosen to do in proclaiming Jesus' Resurrection.

G. Closing Worship

- 1. Have each one read their prayers.
- 2. Closing song: "God Answers Prayer"
 God answers prayer in the morning
 God answers prayer at noon
 God answers prayer in the evening
 So keep your hearts in tune.



May 21, 2017

Fifth Sunday after Resurrection/UCCP Sunday: Celebrating the Resurrection

Old Testament: Exodus 16:1-26

- 16The whole congregation of the Israelites set out from Elim: and Israel came to the wilderness of Sin, which is between Elim and Sinai, on the fifteenth day of the second month after they had departed from the land of Egypt. ²The whole congregation of the Israelites complained against Moses and Aaron in the wilderness. ³The Israelites said to them, "If only we had died by the hand of the LORD in the land of Egypt, when we sat by the fleshpots and ate our fill of bread; for you have brought us out into this wilderness to kill this whole assembly with hunger." 4 Then the LORD said to Moses, "I am going to rain bread from heaven for you, and each day the people shall go out and gather enough for that day. In that way I will test them, whether they will follow my instruction or not. 5On the sixth day, when they prepare what they bring in, it will be twice as much as they gather on other days." 6So Moses and Aaron said to all the Israelites, "In the evening you shall know that it was the LORD who brought you out of the land of Egypt, ⁷and in the morning you shall see the glory of the LORD, because he has heard your complaining against the LORD. For what are we, that you complain against us?" 8And Moses said, "When the LORD gives you meat to eat in the evening and your fill of bread in the morning, because the LORD has heard the complaining that you utter against him—what are we? Your complaining is not against us but against the LORD."
- 9 Then Moses said to Aaron, "Say to the whole congregation of the Israelites, 'Draw near to the LORD, for he has heard your complaining." ¹⁰And as Aaron spoke to the whole congregation of the Israelites, they looked towards the wilderness, and the glory of the LORD appeared in the cloud. ¹¹The LORD spoke to Moses and said, ¹²"I have heard the complaining of the Israelites; say to them, 'At twilight you shall eat meat, and in the morning you shall have your fill of bread; then you shall know that I am the LORD your God."
- 13 In the evening quails came up and covered the camp; and in the morning there was a layer of dew around the camp. ¹⁴When the layer of dew lifted, there on the surface of the wilderness was a fine flaky substance, as fine as frost on the ground. ¹⁵When the Israelites saw it, they said to one another, "What is it?" For they did not know what it was. Moses said to them, "It is the bread that the LORD has given you to eat. ¹⁶This is what the LORD has commanded: 'Gather as much of it as each of you needs, an omer to a person according to the number of persons, all providing for those in their own tents." ¹⁷The Israelites did so, some gathering more, some less. ¹⁸But when they measured it with an omer, those who gathered much had nothing over, and those who gathered little had no shortage; they gathered as much as each of them needed. ¹⁹And Moses said to them, "Let no one leave any of it over until morning." ²⁰But they did not listen to Moses; some left part of it until morning, and it bred worms and became foul. And Moses was angry with them. ²¹Morning by morning they gathered it, as much as each needed; but when the sun grew hot, it melted.
- 22 On the sixth day they gathered twice as much food, two omers apiece. When all the leaders of the congregation came and told Moses, ²³he said to them, "This is what the LORD has commanded: 'Tomorrow is a day of solemn rest, a holy Sabbath to the LORD; bake what you want to bake and boil what you want to boil, and all that is left over put aside to be kept until morning.'" ²⁴So they put it aside until morning, as Moses commanded them; and it did not become foul, and there were no worms in it. ²⁵Moses said, "Eat it today, for today is a Sabbath to the LORD; today you will not find it in the field. ²⁶For six days you shall gather it; but on the seventh day, which is a Sabbath, there will be none."

New Testament: Luke 24:36-46

36 While they were talking about this, Jesus himself stood among them and said to them, "Peace be with you." ³⁷They were startled and terrified, and thought that they were seeing a ghost. ³⁸He said to them, "Why are you frightened, and why do doubts arise in your hearts? ³⁹Look at my hands and my feet; see that it is I myself. Touch me and see; for a ghost does not have flesh and bones as you see that I have." ⁴⁰And when he had said this, he showed them his hands and his feet. ⁴¹While in their joy they were disbelieving and still wondering, he said to them, "Have you anything here to eat?" ⁴²They gave him a piece of broiled fish, ⁴³and he took it and ate in their presence.

44 Then he said to them, "These are my words that I spoke to you while I was still with you—that everything written about me in the law of Moses, the prophets, and the psalms must be fulfilled." ⁴⁵Then he opened their minds to understand the scriptures, ⁴⁶and he said to them, "Thus it is written, that the Messiah is to suffer and to rise from the dead on the third day..."

General Concept: Jesus comes to commune with us in ordinary, basic, and common activities and struggles.

Key Concept:

N/K/YE: God is present in our daily, ordinary, and basic life activities. We only need to believe and affirm this truth.

Exegesis of the Biblical References

Exodus 16:1-26. Chapters 1-15 highlights the early beginnings of Moses, how he was rescued and raised by the Egyptian princess. He was nurtured and educated under Egyptian custom and tradition. By practice and breeding he may be one of the Egyptians but by blood he was always an Israelite. He witnessed how the task master treated his fellow Israelites and he cannot be at peace until he found justice for these workers. It was in such context that God called Moses to lead his people to the Promised Land. Moses became God's mouthpiece in delivering God's message to the Egyptian god-king.

God had used Moses to show His mighty powers over the Egyptian Pharaoh. The encounter of Moses with Pharaoh represents an encounter of God with the god-king. It was therefore a confrontation of power between the God of Israel and the god-king of Egypt. God's signs and wonders overcame the power of Pharaoh.

Chapters 15-18 narrates the Exodus event. It displays how the Israelites moved from Egypt to the Promised Land. It was not an easy road. They travelled by night and day in the wilderness, where they witnessed God's providence and protection, yet there were times when the people complained to Moses when food and water became scarce. God continued to listen to their complaints and responded to their needs. The God who rescued them from the harsh treatment under the hands of the task master remains faithful to God's promise to provide them their needs.

Luke 24:36-46. There was this popular Jewish belief spreading at that time, about the idea of supernatural beings like angels who can disguise themselves in various forms. The resurrected Jesus received also this same treatment when some of his disciples finally became persuaded that he is indeed the messiah risen from the dead.

The text also shows the disciples' attitude and little understanding about Jesus being the Messiah. Jesus had to explain to them again about his identity as the Messiah (vv. 46-48). Like in Mark, the disciples in Luke could hardly accept the fact of a suffering Messiah because what

they have expected was a Messiah who would free them from the colonial bondage of the Roman Empire (24: 21). They were expecting a political Messiah. Jesus leniently explained to the two (v.26), about the real character of the Messiah. In spite of their unbelief and little understanding he assured them that they would receive the Holy Spirit that comes from the Father. The resurrection of Jesus brings new understanding and new perspective to his disciples. His resurrection reflects the disciples' need to renew their commitment to the task they have accepted when they committed themselves to follow Jesus.

Companion Guide for the Teachers and Other Users

Although there is an infinite gap between the eternal and the earthly realms, Jesus Christ—the man who lived and died among us, and resurrected and ascended to God's eternal realm—has the power to bridge that gap. In him and through him we have access to God in the wider world. In fact, Jesus the Risen Savior, brings us outside the church in order to be together with us in our daily life and struggles. We may not say for certain that Jesus is there in the people's suffering and struggles, but we have the assurance that he is with us as we engage the world to follow him to where the people are.

There may be some among the believers who think that since Jesus has physically left the world and is present in the church only in spirit, it is perfectly all right to stay away from challenges that make people severely impoverished, oppressed and marginalized because these are non-spiritual matters. It is enough for them to sing "all glory, laud and honor" to the Lord and after church go back to their usual practice of cheating and hurting people to satiate their drive for personal pleasure, profit, glory, and honor.

This attitude is characteristic of Christian communities belonging to the so-called New Religious Movements, many of which have successfully penetrated local UCCP congregations. Loyal UCCP members have had their hands full trying to ward off their influence especially in worship and in Christian Education programs. Some pastors, for one reason or another, cater to their theological agenda to the extent of preaching a corrupted and disembodied gospel.

The true church of Jesus Christ seeks to continue his earthly ministry as a mark of faithfulness and loyalty to him. The UCCP endeavors to protect itself from the crawling invasion of New Religious Movement groups that in the end would make its local churches and congregations unfaithful and disloyal to the gospel of Jesus Christ. It may be considered an effort of the Devil to divide the church, corrupt its leaders and pastors and lead it to worship idols or mammon rather than the true God of the Bible.

Participating in the concrete social struggles along the Biblical prophetic tradition that Jesus himself pursued in his ministry is a hallmark of loyalty to Jesus. It certainly goes against the grain of popular culture that glorifies having more, success, being on top and personal freedom to obtain pleasure. If it does not, then it's not the true church of Jesus Christ. Fame, possession, power and influence, freedom from hardship, harm and illness are natural normal human aspirations but these are promises of New Religious Movements. It is not so difficult actually to recognize a faithful church: its life is sustained by the blood of martyrs.

I. Objectives:

At the end of the lesson, the learners are expected to:

- 1. Describe the visit of Jesus to his disciples
- 2. Tell how Jesus assured his disciples
- 3. Acknowledge the fact that Jesus is present in our daily lives and thank God for it
- 4. Demonstrate one's faith in God after learning that Jesus has resurrected by joyfully

celebrating this event with others

II. Concept: God is present in our daily, ordinary, and basic life activities. We only need to believe and affirm this truth with thanksgiving.

Materials: The Holy Bible (NRSV), paper and crayons

III. Learning Experiences

- A. Opening Worship
 - 1. Welcome time. Greet each other with "Happy Anniversary! Have a blessed UCCP Sunday!"
 - 2. Sing "Praise God, Praise God"

Praise God, praise God, all you little children!

God is love, God is love.

Praise God, praise God, all you little children!

God is love, God is love!

- 3. Opening prayer: Dear God, thank you for Jesus Christ and the church that he started during his Resurrection. Thank you for the United Church of Christ in the Philippines, UCCP, which is a part of the church Jesus began. We celebrate our Church's birthday today. Thank you for all the people who are part of the church. Please bless your church. In Jesus' name. Amen.
- 4. Sing: "We are the Church"

The church is not a building, the church is not a steeple
The church is not a resting place, the church is people
I am the church, you are the church, we are the church together
All who follow Jesus all around the world
Yes, we're the church together!

B. Getting Ready

Say: Today, we celebrate our Church's 69th birthday. The United Church of Christ in the Philippines was formed on May 25, 1948. It is the same church began by Jesus Christ thousands of years ago during his Resurrection.

C. Learning Time

Continue telling more stories about Jesus' Resurrection.

Jesus Appears to His Disciples
(Continuation of the Resurrection Story Based on the Gospel of Luke)

The disciples of Jesus and their friends were all gathered in Jerusalem. They were talking about the many times Jesus had appeared to their friends. While they were talking about this, Jesus himself appeared to them.

Jesus said, "Peace be with you."

The disciples were very surprised and afraid.

Jesus asked them, "Why are you frightened and why do you doubt? Look at my hands and my feet. It is I. Touch me and see."

The disciples were very happy but they still could not believe it.

Then Jesus asked, "Have you anything here to eat?"

The disciples gave him some broiled fish and he ate it. Then Jesus reminded them that all that was written about him in the Bible had already happened. Then his disciples understood. He also told them that He, the Chosen One, had to suffer and rise from the dead on the third day.

Finally, they saw the Truth.

D. Deepening Activity/ Sharing Time Discuss:

- 1. What will you do if you see Jesus? (Let the children explore this possibility with their answers.)
- 2. Do you think it is possible for us to see Jesus today? (Listen attentively to what the children have to say.)

E. Discovering the Biblical Truth

We see Jesus today in the Church. Remember that the Church is people. The church is you and I, all of us. We must see Jesus in each other. The only way we can show our love for Jesus today is to truly love each other. We know that Jesus is present in our lives because each one of us is here for each other, because we can feel the love others have for us and that we love them too. This is what Resurrection means and this we celebrate with joy and gratitude.

F. Applying the Biblical Truth

- 1. Ask: How do we feel that other people love us? How do we feel Jesus' presence in our daily lives through others?
- 2. Brainstorm answers together then let children draw a scenario where love for each other is shared.

G. Closing Worship

- 1. Read Luke 24: 36b, "Peace be with you." Encourage the children to memorize this verse.
- 2. Have the children offer their drawings of scenarios where love for each other is shared. Also pass the offering plate while an appropriate song is sung.
- 3. Closing prayer: Thank you, dear God, for this UCCP Sunday where we can celebrate being a Church and being Jesus Christ's presence for each other. May we always truly show that we believe in Jesus' Resurrection and share His love with everyone. Thank you for your love shown by the love people show to us. In Jesus' name we pray. Amen.
- 4. Closing song: "Love God, Love God" Love God, love God, all you little children, God is love, God is love. Share love, share love, all you little children, God is love, God is love!

May 28, 2017

Sixth Sunday after Resurrection/Ascension Sunday: Anticipating the Fullness of God's Reign on Earth

Old Testament: Daniel 12:13

¹³But you, go your way, and rest; you shall rise for your reward at the end of the days.

New Testament: Mark 16:15-20

¹⁵And he said to them, "Go into all the world and proclaim the good news to the whole creation. ¹⁶The one who believes and is baptized will be saved; but the one who does not believe will be condemned. ¹⁷And these signs will accompany those who believe: by using my name they will cast out demons; they will speak in new tongues; ¹⁸they will pick up snakes in their hands, and if they drink any deadly thing, it will not hurt them; they will lay their hands on the sick, and they will recover."

19 So then the Lord Jesus, after he had spoken to them, was taken up into heaven and sat down at the right hand of God. ²⁰And they went out and proclaimed the good news everywhere, while the Lord worked with them and confirmed the message by the signs that accompanied it.

General Concept: Jesus ascends to heaven to receive God's authority to realize God's reign in its fullness.

Key Concept:

N/K/YE: Jesus ascends to heaven to be with God.

Exegesis of the Biblical References

Daniel 12:13. The theological value of the book of Daniel is indeed merited. Chapter 5, verse 21 speaks of the Most High God being the sovereign God over the kingdoms of earth. Daniel's vision as recorded in (7:11, 26-27, 8:25, 9:27, 11:45, 12:13) demonstrates God's triumph. The kingdom of the world is God's kingdom and of the coming messiah (2:44, 7:27). 12:13 has three significant key concepts, "faithful- to the end... will die but will rise... to receive reward at the end of time."

This underscores the importance of having faith in God especially in times of crisis and great tribulation, because it is through faith that Daniel was able to survive the fangs of death. He remained faithful when crisis had tried to drive him to denounce his faith in God. The promise is that though he will die he will rise again, a promise that continues in Jesus and is given to all those who believe in him. Daniel's faithfulness to God has given him the privileged to receive such gift.

The book of Daniel continues to call on those faithful ones to remain steadfast and faithful until they reach their end. The end of life is in their communion with God. They will experience death but will rise to receive their reward. Receiving a reward is inviting, but for believers it should not be the core foundation for demonstrating our faith in God, because putting that faith into action is the ultimate manifestation of our faith in God. Daniel invites us to do so, and remain faithful no matter what circumstances we are in.

Mark 16:15-20. In 6: 7-13 Jesus gave his disciples "authority over the evil spirits..." (v.7), he sent them out two by two (v.7). In verse 12, the disciples went out "and preached that people should turn away from their sins." In verse 13 "they drove out many demons, and rubbed olive oil on many sick people and healed them." This command has been repeated and well defined in 16:15-18. The same message will be spread and be proclaimed throughout the whole world and the Gospel preached to all people. The Lukan writer stresses the idea that Jesus is the

universal savior. In Isaiah 36:5-6, Isaiah emphasizes the concept that the Messianic period will be manifested by healing the sick, mute tongues would speak, and God's people would be God's witnesses for him (Isaiah 43:10). Luke picks up Isaiah's view which is now affirmed by Jesus when he indeed commands his disciples to perform the same miracles. Verse 17 includes all believers. Jesus now involves all believers in performing miracles by the power of the Holy Spirit.

Jesus recognized his disciples' weakness. Verse 14 states: "they did not have faith and because they were stubborn to believe those who had seen him." However, Jesus' still believes in their capacity to change and so he inspires them to go throughout the world. Jesus did not leave his disciples alone—he was with them and worked through them (v.20). The text shows us that God in Jesus continues to call anyone to participate in his universal mission. Regardless of status in life, the doubters and the sceptics like the first disciples, we too at times are adamant to go because we are afraid and doubts have clouded our vision but God will always be there to guide and to work in and through us.

Companion Guide for the Teachers and Other Users

In the Christian sense of reckoning time, Jesus' ascension to God's glory to receive God's authority to bring creation to final fruition in time marks the penultimate chapter in the divine drama of salvation. In the final scene, God will reclaim his right as creator of the whole world from the Devil, the pretender. This is the ultimate human hope and vision that is being fed by trust in God's faithfulness to his word.

This is, however, not the scene envisioned by God's foes on earth. They want a frozen world that has no denouement. Every gain towards an ending according to humanity's hope and vision is ferociously blocked and reversed in order to preserve evil's hegemony over all of humankind. So, why doesn't Christ come down to earth and impose God's will over all oppositions? Unfortunately, it appears that that's not how God would save creation. The Scriptures provide us clues to the mystery of God's plan: liberation from evil and decay (Romans 8) is locked in creation's growing pains to its own rebirth. God will save humankind, as well as the whole earth, from ultimate self-destruction by the unfolding of freedom that has been implanted in creation at the beginning of time. Humankind has that special role of leading creation's freedom towards full fruition.

The task of the church is to unlock creation's mystery and proclaim it to the whole world. The clock is ticking—either to creation's final futility or to its rebirth. From the Christian point of view and perspective, Jesus' historical life and destiny as the Judge at the end of time is the key that will unlock the mystery of creation's suffering and destiny. In contrast, the world is inundated with propaganda, fake values and false ideals that serve as a smokescreen to hide evil machinations to prevent creation from reaching its true destiny. But against the light of the gospel of Jesus Christ, all these machinations will unravel and finally reveal the Devil's hand. Investigative journalists today have exposed the real reasons behind the seemingly endless wars that are literally killing millions of people and destroying the fabric of social existence of many nations, particularly in the Middle East and North Africa. They say it is a war to secure the vital highways that lead to huge oil reserves which is the way to control the world. The food security and ecological future of weak but resource-rich nations are pushed to the very edge in order to maintain the wealth of a few individuals and families who have monopoly control over the global economy. These interest groups are the hand of the Devil, God's arch-enemy, to remain in control of the world. As an American geopolitical expert said, "Control oil and you control many nations. Control food sources and you control all of humankind."

The effort and struggle to expose the Devil's hand and to give support and inspiration to those who are in the forefront of the fight against his minions on earth is the duty of every justice and freedom-loving person, Christian or otherwise. It is a matter of faith in so far as the church is concerned. As followers of Jesus Christ, we cannot opt out of his work to establish God's reign over the whole creation.

I. Objectives:

At the end of the lesson, the learners are expected to:

- 1. Describe the ascension of Jesus
- 2. Explain why Jesus ascended to the Father
- 3. Demonstrate one's gratitude for the ascension of Jesus as part of the future of God's children
- II. Concept: Jesus ascends to heaven to be with God.

Materials: The Holy Bible (NRSV)

III. Learning Experiences

- A. Opening Worship
 - 1. Welcome time. Greet each other with "Peace be with you!"
 - Sing "Serve God, Serve God"
 - Serve God, serve God, all you little children, God is love, God is love.

 Serve people, serve people, all you little children, God is love, God is love!
 - 3. Dear God, thank you for this Ascension Sunday. Teach us more all about it so that we may learn more about you. Thank you for Sunday School and the time to learn from each other. In Jesus' name. Amen.

B. Getting Ready

Say: After Jesus resurrected and appeared to his disciples, he got ready to do something else. Let us find out what it was he would do.

C. Learning Time
Tell the story.

Jesus Goes to Heaven

When Jesus resurrected, he appeared to his disciples to teach them some more and to tell them to go into all the world and proclaim the good news that Jesus was alive. He said that many people would be able to do many new and good things.

After Jesus taught his disciples one last time, he went up to heaven to be with God. His disciples went out and told the good news everywhere. Jesus' guiding presence was felt by all of them.

D. Deepening Activity/ Sharing Time

Discuss:

- 1. Do you feel Jesus' guiding presence?
- 2. When do you feel it?
- 3. What new and good thing can you do when you feel Jesus' guiding presence?

E. Discovering the Biblical Truth

Jesus is alive and He is always with us, guiding us. All we need to do is follow him.

F. Applying the Biblical Truth

- 1. Ask: What do we need to do to follow Jesus?
- 2. Make a list of new and good things we can do to follow Jesus.
- 3. Dramatize these things that we can do.

G. Closing Worship

- 1. Make the dramatization a part of the closing worship.
- 2. Read Mark 16: 15b, "...proclaim the good news...." Encourage the children to memorize it.
- 3. End with each one saying a sentence prayer. Teacher closes the prayer.

